



# PIN HR-17773 - TIN BRONZE - LATE BRONZE AGE - SWITZERLAND

Artefact name Pin HR-17773

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# ▼ The object



Fig. 1: Pin with decorated head and round section,





Fig. 2: Brown-yellow corrosion products (detail) around the head of the pin,



Fig. 3: Brown-yellow corrosion products (detail) on the middle part of the pin,

Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.

Fig. 4: Brown-yellow and green corrosion products (detail) in an area close to the tip of the pin,



Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.

# imes Description and visual observation

Description of the artefact Pin with decorated head and round section. It has brown-yellow green and corrosion products (Figs. 1-4). Dimensions: L = 6.2cm;

WT = 2.6g.

Type of artefact Jewellery

Origin Hauterive - Champréveyres, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel, Switzerland

Recovering date Excavation 1983-1985, object from layer 1

Chronology category Late Bronze Age

chronology tpq 1050 B.C. 🗸

chronology taq B.C. 🗸 800

Hallstatt A2/B Chronology comment

Burial conditions / environment Lake

Artefact location Laténium, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel Owner Laténium, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel

Inv. number HR-17773

Recorded conservation data The object has been kept in wooden storage, no intervention documented.

# Complementary information

The object was analyzed in 1987 by Schweizer. Documentation of the strata in binocular mode of the object was performed in 2022.



Fig. 5: Sides A and B (opposite sides) of the pin showing the XRF analysis areas (red circles).



The schematic representation below gives an overview of the corrosion structure encountered on the pin from a first visual macroscopic observation.

Strata	Type of stratum	Principal characteristics
CP1	Corrosion product	Light green, thin, discontinuous, non compact, very soft
CP2	Corrosion product	Brown, thin, discontinuous, compact, hard
CP3	Corrosion product	Black, thin, discontinuous, compact, hard
M1	Metal	Yellow, thick, metallic, soft

Table 1: Description of the principal characteristics of the strata as observed under binocular and described according to Bertholon's method.

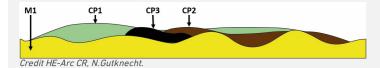


Fig. 6: Stratigraphic representation of the corrosion structure of the pin by macroscopic and binocular observation using the Micorr application with reference to Fig. 7,

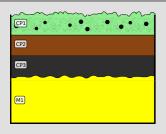


Fig. 7: Stratigraphic representation of the corrosion structure of the pin observed macroscopically under binocular microscope using the MiCorr application with reference to the whole Fig. 6. The characteristics of the strata, such as the discontinuity, are accessible by clicking on the drawing that redirects you to the search tool by stratigraphy representation, Credit HE-Arc CR, N.Gutknecht.

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Description of sample No sample has been taken. The observation and analysis were performed directly on the object.

Alloy Tin Bronze

Technology None Lab number of sample 85-27 Sample location None

Responsible institution None

Date and aim of sampling

### Complementary information

None

# 

# Analyses performed:

# Non-invasive approach

XRF with handheld portable X-ray fluorescence spectrometer (NITON XL5). General Metal mode, acquisition time 60s (filters: Li20/Lo20/M20).

XRF analysis of the pin was carried out on three representative areas of the surface (Fig. 5). Points 1 and 3 were done on yellow areas which seem to be close to the remaining metal, while point 2 was performed on the brown corrosion layer (CP2) where all strata (soil, corrosion products, and metal) are analyzed at the

Table 2 shows that the metal is presumably a tin bronze alloy with possibly some lead. The other elements detected are: Si, S, Fe and P.

(mass %)			Sn		Si		S		Pb		Fe		Р		
	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	Total
1	82.0	0.1	14.0	0.06	1.5	0.07	0.6	0.02	0.5	0.02	0.4	0.02	0.3	0.03	99.3
2	81.0	0.1	14.0	0.05	0.6	0.06	1.5	0.03	0.5	0.02	1.5	0.02	0.3	0.02	99.4

	06   1.6   0.08   0.7   0.03   0.6   0.02   0.5   0.02   0.7   0.04   99.7   sition of the surface of the pin at three representative areas shown in Fig. 5. Method of analysis: XRF.
None.	
Minneshous	News
Microstructure  First metal element	None Cu
Other metal elements	Sn
Complementary information	
None.	
♥ Corrosion layers	
None.	
Corrosion form	None
Corrosion type	None
Complementary information	
	s: from patina to bibliography" (Schweizer 1994), the corrosion products of the pin 17773 (LAB MAH 85-27) were studied through copper carbonate (malachite) and copper sulfate (posnjakite), both of these minerals are green.
	examination of the corrosion structure
The corrosion structure has only been docu	mented in binocular mode (Fig. 7).
♥ Conclusion	
The pin is made from a tin bronze, possibly Schweizer seem to indicate that they develo	containing some lead and is covered with brown and green corrosion products. The corrosion products identified by oped in terrestrial environment.
▼ References	
References on object and sample Object files in MiCorr  1. MiCorr_Pin or needle fragment HR 2. MiCorr_Tang fragment of a knife H 3. MiCorr_Tang fragment of a knife H 4. MiCorr_Pin HR-18152 5. MiCorr_Pin HR-3071 6. MiCorr_PIN HR-18603 7. MiCorr_Pin HR-3389	R-6567



#### References object

- 8. Rychner-Faraggi A-M. (1993) Hauterive Champréveyres 9. Métal et parure au Bronze final. Archéologie neuchâteloise, 17 (Neuchâtel). 9. Hochuli, S. et al. (1988) SPM III Bronzezeit, Verlag Schweizerische Gesellschaft für Ur- und Frühgschichte Basel, 76-77, 379.

### References sample

- 10. Empa Report 137 695/1991, P.O. Boll.
- 11. Rapport d'examen, Lab. Musées d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva GE, 87-194 à 87-197.
- 12. Schweizer, F. (1994) Bronze objects from Lake sites: from patina to bibliography. In: Ancient and historic metals, conservation and scientific research  $(eds.\ Scott,\ D.A.,\ Podany,\ J.\ and\ Considine\ B.B.),\ The\ Getty\ Conservation\ Institute,\ 33-50.$

### References on analytic methods and interpretation

13. Robbiola, L., Blengino, J-M., Fiaud, C. (1998) Morphology and mechanisms of formation of natural patinas on archaeological Cu-Sn alloys, Corrosion Science, 40, 12, 2083-2111.