



AIRCRAFT FRONT FASTENING PLATE VHS-497 (2) - AL CU SN ZN SI ALLOY - MODERN TIMES

Artefact name Aircraft front fastening plate VHS-497 (2)

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Url /artefacts/1236/

▼ The object



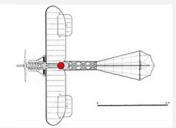


Fig. 1: Fastening plate from the front of the Dufaux IV (left) and top view of the aeroplane showing its location (red dot, right) (www.hepta.aero),

➤ Description and visual observation

Description of the artefact Metal fastening plate for the wooden construction of the front of the aeroplane, broken by use

(Fig. 1) covered with a thin corrosion layer.

Type of artefact Aeroplane part

Origin Dufaux IV aeroplane

Recovering dateBiplane built by Henri and Armand Dufaux in 1909/10

Chronology category Modern Times

chronology tpq 1909 A.D. ✓

chronology taq 1910 A.D. ✓

Chronology comment

Burial conditions / environment

Outdoor to indoor atmosphere

Artefact location Swiss Museum of Transport, Luzern, Lucerne

Owner Swiss Museum of Transport, Luzern, Lucerne

Inv. number VHS-497 (2)

Recorded conservation data N/A

Complementary information

None.



Fig. 2: Location of sampling area,

Credit HE-Arc CR.

None.

★ MiCorr stratigraphy(ies) - Bi

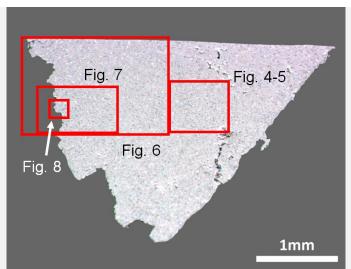


Fig. 3: Micrograph of the cross-section of the sample taken from the front fastening plate showing the location of Figs. 4 to 8.

Credit HE-Arc CR.

Description of sampleThe top part has been cut during sampling (Fig. 2). The more regular right side is the plate

surface and the irregular side is the broken edge (Fig. 3). Dimensions: L = 4mm; W = 4mm.

Alloy Al Cu Sn Zn Si Alloy

Technology As-cast

Lab number of sample DUF-4

Sample location HE-Arc CR, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel

Responsible institution Swiss Museum of Transport, Luzern, Lucerne

Date and aim of sampling September 2007, metallography and alloy composition

Complementary information

None.

★ Analyses and results

Analyses performed:

Metallography (unetched), Vickers hardness testing, SEM/EDS.

Non invasive analysis

None.

The metal is an aluminium alloy containing Cu, Sn, Zn and Si (Table 1). The unetched metal shows an as-cast structure consisting of the aluminium matrix with Sn (not soluble in Al) inclusions (Figs. 4 and 5), intermetallic compounds such as Al₂Cu (Fig. 4, red arrows) and clusters of Al,Fe,Cu & Si phases (Fig. 4, black arrows). There are porosities in the metal (Figs. 3 and 5). The average hardness of the metal is HV1 80.

Elements	Αl	Cu	Sn	Zn	Si	Fe	0	Total
Metal (average)	89	5	3	2	1	<	<1	101
Intermetallic compounds	45	55	<	<	<	<	<	100
Al, Fe, Si, Cu phase clusters	58	11	<	<	8	29	3	109
Sn inclusions	<	<	100	<	<	<	<	100

Table 1: Chemical composition (mass %) of the metal and inclusions (from Fig. 5, <: below the detection limit). Method of analysis: SEM/EDS, Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Empa.

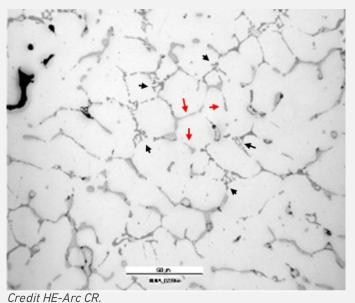


Fig. 4: Micrograph of the metal sample from Fig. 3 (detail), unetched, bright field. The cast structure is revealed by light grey intermetallic compounds (Al2Cu, red arrows), dark-grey Al, Fe, Si & Cu phase clusters (black arrows) and Sn inclusions (nodules). On the top left some pores can be seen,

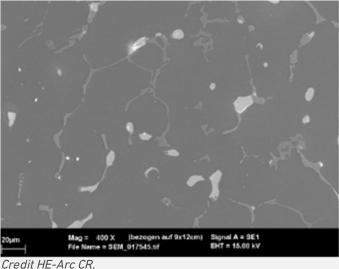


Fig. 5: SEM image of the metal sample from Fig. 3 (detail), SE-mode, unetched. We observe in dark-grey the metal matrix, in medium-grey the intermetallic compound Al2Cu as well as Al, Fe, Si & Cu phase clusters and in light-grey the Sn inclusions,

Microstructure Dendritic structure with inclusions

First metal element Αl

Complementary information

None.

▼ Corrosion layers

No corrosion layer can be seen on the metal surface (Figs. 3 and 6). Under polarized light small white and brown particles are visible on the broken edge (D1, Fig. 7). Their analysis reveals the presence of silica particles surrounded by dirt (Table 2 and Fig. 8). The metal surface is covered by a thin oxygen bearing skin (CP1, Fig. 8).

Elements		Αl	Si	Cu	Total
Adherent particle (average of 3 similar	55	_1	50	1	107
analyses)			30	'	107

Table 2: Chemical composition (mass %, <: below the detection limit) of the adhering particles to the metal surface (from Fig. 8). Method of analysis: SEM/EDS, Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Empa.

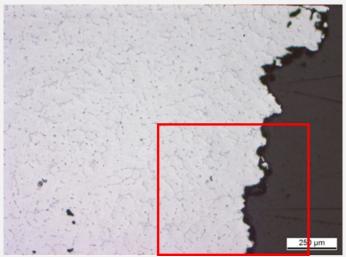
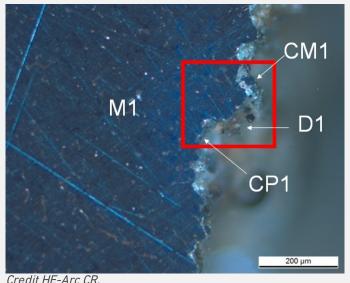


Fig. 6: Micrograph showing the metal - "corrosion products" interface from Fig. 3 (reversed picture, detail), unetched, bright field. We observe in white the metal matrix, in darkgrey Al,Fe, Si & Cu phase and light-grey Al2Cu intermetallic compounds. The micrograph of Fig. 7 is marked by a rectangle,

Credit HE-Arc CR.



Credit HE-Arc CR.

Fig. 7: Micrograph from Fig. 6 (detail) and corresponding to the stratigraphy of Fig. 9, unetched, polarised light. We observe in dark blue the metal matrix and blue-brown the adherent material. The area selected for elemental chemical distribution (Fig. 8) is marked by a rectangle,

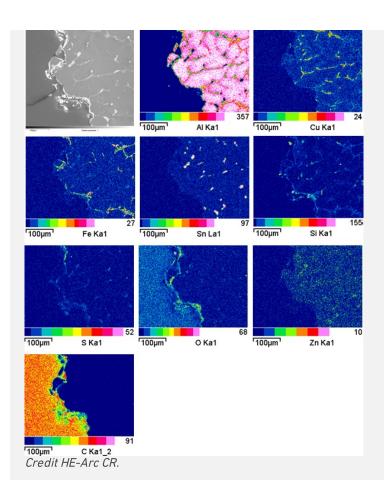


Fig. 8: SEM image, BSE-mode, and elemental chemical distribution of the selected area from Fig. 7 (reversed picture, detail). Method of examination: SEM/EDS, Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry, Empa,

Corrosion form

Passive

Corrosion type

Unknown

Complementary information

None.

★ MiCorr stratigraphy(ies) – CS

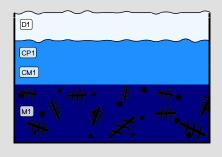


Fig. 9: Stratigraphic representation of the sample taken from the front fastening plate in cross-section (dark field) using the MiCorr application. The characteristics of the strata are only accessible by clicking on the drawing that redirects you to the search tool by stratigraphy representation. This representation can be compared to Fig. 7, Credit HE-Arc CR.

♥ Synthesis of the binocular / cross-section examination of the corrosion structure

None.

♥ Conclusion

This front fastening plate of Dufaux IV plane is made in cast Al-Cu-Sn-Zn-Si, an alloy rather common at the beginning of the 20th century. No corrosion layer has been found on the metal surface except adherent silica-rich particles and the thin oxidised skin typical of Al alloys. The presence of these materials can be explained by the regular maintenance of the metal, probably using silicon carbide abrasive paper.

▼ References

References on object and sample

References object

1. Rumo, L. (2008) Analyse et caractérisation des alliages constitutifs de l'avion Dufaux IV. Mémoire Filière conservation-restauration, Haute Ecole art appliqués, La Chaux-de-Fonds, 101-105.

2. Rumo, L. (2008) Analyse et caractérisation des alliages constitutifs de l'avion Dufaux IV. Mémoire Filière conservation-restauration, Haute école art appliqués, La Chaux-de-Fonds, 101-105.