



Fig 1: Deformed pin with decorated head and round section,

PIN HR-3389 - TIN BRONZE - LATE BRONZE AGE - SWITZERLAND

Artefact name

name Pin HR-3389

Authors

Naima. Gutknecht (HE-Arc CR, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel, Switzerland) & Rémy. Léopold (HE-Arc CR, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel, Switzerland) & Domon Beuret. Emmanuelle (Laténium, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel, Switzerland)

/artefacts/1367/

Url



Credit Laténium, C.Cevey.



Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.



Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.



Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.

Fig. 2: Dark brown corrosion products (detail) on the middle of the pin,

Fig. 3: Dense and smooth olive green corrosion products on the middle of the pin (detail). Discontinuity in the layer is showing the underlying corrosion structure,

Fig. 4: Dense and smooth olive green corrosion products on the middle of the pin (detail). A grain-like structure can be seen on the surface,

imes Description and visual observation

MiCorr | Pin HR-3389 - Tin Bronze - Late Bronze Age - Switzerland This work is licensed under <u>CC BY-NC-ND 4.0</u> (C) (S) (E)

Description of the artefact	Pin with decorated head and round section. It has olive green and dark brown corrosion products (Figs. 1-4). Dimensions: L = 5.9cm; WT = 3.3g.
Type of artefact	Pin
Origin	Hauterive – Champréveyres, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel, Switzerland
Recovering date	Excavation in 1983-1985, layer 3
Chronology category	Late Bronze Age
chronology tpq	1050 B.C. 🗸
chronology taq	800 B.C. 🗸
Chronology comment	Hallstatt A2/B
Burial conditions / environment	Lake
Artefact location	Laténium, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel
Owner	Laténium, Neuchâtel, Neuchâtel
Inv. number	HR-3389
Recorded conservation data	The object was kept in wooden storage, No intervention documented.

Complementary information

No intervention documented, but a resineous material is present on the surface which indicate that a consolidation was made. Documentation of the strata in binocular mode of the object was performed in 2022.



Fig. 5: Sides A and B (opposite sides) of the pin showing the XRF analysis areas (red circles),

Credit HE-Arc CR, L.Rémy.

The schematic representation below gives an overview of the corrosion structure encountered on the pin from a first visual macroscopic observation.

Strata	Type of stratum	Principal characteristics
NMM1	Non-metallic material	Transparent, thin, compact, only present in CP1
CP1	Corrosion product	Olive green, thick, discontinuous, compact, hard
CP2	Corrosion product	Black, veins shape, thin, discontinuous, compact, hard
CP3	Corrosion product	Dark brown, thin, continuous, compact, hard
M1	Metal	Dark yellow, thick, metallic, hard

Table 1: Description of the principal characteristics of the strata as observed under binocular and described according to Bertholon's method.



Fig. 6: Stratigraphic representation of the corrosion structure of the pin by macroscopic and binocular observation with reference to Figs. 7 and 8,

Credit HE-Arc CR, N.Gutknecht.

➢ MiCorr stratigraphy(ies) − Bi Fig. 7: Stratigraphic representation of the corrosion structure of the pin NMM1 observed macroscopically under binocular microscope using the MiCorr application with reference to Fig. 6. The characteristics of the strata, such as the discontinuity, are accessible by clicking on the drawing that redirects you CP1 to the search tool by stratigraphy representation, Credit HE-Arc CR, N.Gutknecht. M1 Fig. 8: Stratigraphic representation of the corrosion structure of the pin CP1 observed macroscopically under binocular microscope using the MiCorr application with reference to Fig. 6 where CP2 is CP1 and CP3 is CP2. The CP2 characteristics of the strata, such as the discontinuity, are accessible by clicking on the drawing that redirects you to the search tool by stratigraphy representation, Credit HE-Arc CR, N.Gutknecht. M1

Sample(s)

Description of sample	No sample has been taken. The observation and analysis were performed directly on the object.
Alloy	Tin Bronze
Technology	None
Lab number of sample	85-28
Sample location	None
Responsible institution	None
Date and aim of sampling	

Complementary information

None.

imes Analyses and results

Analyses performed:

Non-invasive approach

XRF with handheld portable X-ray fluorescence spectrometer (NITON XL5). General Metal mode, acquisition time 60s (filters: Li20/Lo20/M20).

➢ Non invasive analysis

The XRF analysis of the pin was carried out on three representative areas of the surface (Fig. 5). Point 1 was performed on the residual metal, point 2 on the smooth and dense olive green stratum (CP1) and point 3 on the underlying black layer (CP2). The metal is presumably a tin bronze alloy with possibly some As, Sb, Pb and Ni. The others elements detected are: S, Fe, Si, Al, Co, P, Ag. Results of point 2 indicate the enrichment in Fe and in S and the depletion in Cu and in Sn typical of lake patina (chalcopyrite). Results of point 3 indicate a slight enrichment in Sn and depletion in Cu.

Element (mass %)	Cu		Sn		S		Fe		As		Si		Ni		Sb		Pb		Al		Co	
	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+/- 2σ	%	+
1	85.0	0.1	6.5	0.04	2.0	0.03	0.1	0.01	1.5	0.03	1.0	0.06	1.0	0.02	0.8	0.02	0.4	0.02	0.3	0.1	0.3	

2	35.5 75.0	0.1	2.0	0.02	27.0	0.08	33.0	0.09	0.2	0.01	0.9	0.05	<ld< th=""><th><ld< th=""><th>0.3</th><th>0.01</th><th><0.1</th><th>0.01</th><th>0.4</th><th>0.1</th><th><ld 0.3</ld </th></ld<></th></ld<>	<ld< th=""><th>0.3</th><th>0.01</th><th><0.1</th><th>0.01</th><th>0.4</th><th>0.1</th><th><ld 0.3</ld </th></ld<>	0.3	0.01	<0.1	0.01	0.4	0.1	<ld 0.3</ld
	le 2: Che																		0.5	0.1	0.5
⊗ Metal																					
None.																					
Microstructur	е			No	ne																
First metal el	ement			Cu																	
Other metal e	elements			Sn																	
Complementa	ary inforı	mation																			
None.																					
X Composion																					
♥ Corrosion	layers																				
Based on Sch	nweizer a	nalyses	s and re	sults fr	om tabl	.e 2 CP	1 of Fi	g. 6 sho	ould be	chalco	oyrite.										
Corrosion for				No																	
Corrosion typ	е			lak	e patin	a (Sch	weizer	1994)													
Complementa	ary inforı	mation																			
In the article 1994), the cor (chalcopyrite)	rrosion p	objects f roducts	from La of the	ake site pin 338'	s: from 9 (LAB I	patina MAH 8	to bibl 5-28) w	iograpł vere stu	ny. In: A udied tl	ncient a nrough)	and hist KRD. Th	oric me e result	tals, co s show	onserva v that th	ation a ne pin	nd scie contai	entific I ns cop	researc per iror	:h" (Sch n sulfide	iweize e	r
℅ MiCorr stra	atigraphy	(ies) – (cs																		

Synthesis of the binocular / cross-section examination of the corrosion structure

The corrosion structure has only been documented in binocular mode (Figs. 7 and 8).

imes Conclusion

This pin is made from a tin bronze with possibly some As, Sb, Pb and Ni. It has been extensively documented by Schweizer to establish the lake and terrestrial patina typologies (1994). One third of the surface is still covered with a stratum analysed as lake patina (chalcopyrite), generated by the presence of sulfate-reducing bacteria in the burial environment.

✓ References

References on object and sample

Object files in MiCorr

- 1. MiCorr_Pin or needle fragment HR-3031
- 2. MiCorr_Tang fragment of a knife HR-6567
- 3. MiCorr_Tang fragment of a knife HR-6246
- 4. MiCorr_Pin HR-18152
- 5. MiCorr_Pin HR-3071
- 6. MiCorr_PIN HR-17773
- 7. MiCorr_Pin HR-18603

References object

8. RychRychner-Faraggi A-M. (1993) Hauterive – Champréveyres 9. Métal et parure au Bronze final. Archéologie neuchâteloise, 17 (Neuchâtel), pl. 61/65.

9. Hochuli, S. et al. (1988) SPM III Bronzezeit , Verlag Schweizerische Gesellschaft für Ur- und Frühgschichte Basel, 76-77, 379.

References sample

10. Empa Report 137 695/1991, P.O. Boll.

11. Rapport d'examen, Lab. Musées d'Art et d'Histoire, Geneva GE, 87-194 à 87-197.

12. Schweizer, F. (1994) Bronze objects from Lake sites: from patina to bibliography. In: Ancient and historic metals, conservation and scientific research (eds. Scott, D.A., Podany, J. and Considine B.B.), The Getty Conservation Institute, 33-50.

References on analytic methods and interpretation

13. Robbiola, L., Blengino, J-M., Fiaud, C. (1998) Morphology and mechanisms of formation of natural patinas on archaeological Cu-Sn alloys, Corrosion Science, 40, 12, 2083-2111.